

Irving K. Barber School
of Arts and Sciences
UBC Okanagan

Date: Feb 3rd, 2016 Time: 11:30am Duration 35 minutes.
This exam has 5 questions for a total of 20 points.

## SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Show and explain all of your work unless the question directs otherwise. Simplify all answers.
- The use of a calculator is permitted.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided on the question sheets. If you run out of room for an answer, continue on the back of the page.

| Problem | Points <br> Earned | Points <br> Out Of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | 6 |
| 2 |  | 6 |
| 3 |  | 5 |
| 4 |  | 3 |
| TOTAL: |  | $\mathbf{2 0}$ |

CANDIDATE NAME (print): $\qquad$

STUDENT NUMBER: $\qquad$
Signature: $\qquad$

6 1. Consider the ODE

$$
\frac{d y}{d t}=t y .
$$

(a) Use the method of isoclines to determine the direction field for the ODE. Your plot should include several isoclines with direction field arrows, and a few representative solution curves.
(b) Could you represent the behaviour of this ODE using a phase line? Why or why not?

6 2. Solve the initial value problem

$$
\frac{d y}{d x}+\frac{3 y}{x}+2=3 x, \quad y(1)=1
$$

5 3. Assume we are considering the direction field of an autonomous first order differential equation. Suppose we can qualitatively establish, by examining this direction field, that all solution curves $y(t)$ in a given region of the $t y$-plane exhibit one of the following two types of behaviour:
(i) increasing, concave up
(ii) increasing, concave down

Suppose we implement a Forward Euler approximation to one of the solution curves in the region, using some reasonable step size $h$. Consider each of the two cases. In each case, will the values $y_{h}$ underestimate the exact values or oversetimate the exact values, or is it impossible to reach a definite conclusion? Explain your answer, and include sketches.

3 4. Suppose that a good model for the population of invasive Eastern black and gray squirrels in Kelowna is given by

$$
\frac{d N}{d t}=r N(K-N)
$$

where $N$ is the squirrel population at time $t$, and $r$ and $K$ are constant parameters.
(a) Sketch the phase line for the ODE.
(b) If the initial population of squirrels is $N(0)=N_{0}$, then the solution of the IVP is

$$
N(t)=\frac{N_{0} K}{N_{0}+\left(K-N_{0}\right) e^{-r K t}}
$$

Now suppose that at time $t=T$, the city decides that the invasive squirrels are becoming a problem, and starts harvesting the squirrels at constant rate $H$. What is the new IVP for $N(t)$ that applies for $t \geq T$ ?
5. BONUS problem for the Group Test Find the most general function $N(u, v)$ so that the equation below is exact:

$$
\left(v e^{u v}-4 u^{3} v+2\right) d u+N(u, v) d v=0
$$

